

COVID-19 BCG Perspectives

Facts, scenarios, and actions for leaders

Publication #6 with a focus on: Restructuring costs, and managing cash and liquidity

Version: 19 May 2020

COVID-19 BCG Perspectives

Objectives of this document

COVID-19 is a global societal crisis

We at BCG believe that the COVID-19 outbreak is first and foremost a societal crisis, threatening lives and the wellbeing of our global community. Society now, more than ever, needs to collaborate to protect people's lives and health, manage midterm implications, and search for lasting solutions.

Leaders need to drive an integrated response to navigate the crisis

It is the duty of health, political, societal, and business leaders to navigate through this crisis. A complex interplay of epidemic progression, medical response, government action, sector impact, and company action is playing out. This document intends to help leaders find answers and shape opinions to navigate the crisis in their own environments. It encourages thinking across the multiple time horizons over which we see the crisis manifesting itself.

Source: BCG

	Flatten	Fight	Future	_
Establish crisis management	Develop Scenarion Planning Appromanage uncertain	ach to	Create a Rapid Response and Transformation (RR&T) team	
	3 Revamp Organi the New Reali		Restructure Cost, manage Cash & Liquidity	Focus of this edition
Navigate through Flatten, Fight, and Future	4 Drive Topline Se and Customer 1	-	Emerge Stronger; drive advantage in adversity	
	5 Stabilize and res Chain, Manufac		Accelerate Digital and Technology transformation	
	9 Help Society du COVID-19	ring		

Executive Summary | COVID-19 BCG Perspectives

For the many businesses hit hard by the crisis, it is critical for companies to adapt cash and costs to current and future requirements

- COVID-19 crisis has resulted in negative economic and business impact (-3% global GDP¹, up to -30% change in world trade, lower revenues, higher risk of default)
- With many countries entering the 'Fight' phase, business leaders must move from crisis response to performance transformation
- Transformations are by definition holistic and cover the entire company; managing cash and liquidity and driving cost take-out are imperative
 - Cash and liquidity are top priorities for investors; management can gain control quickly by establishing a high-impact cash management office
 - Cost take-out is critical to ensure company stability; however leaders must consider current and future requirements, especially on the people side

Across countries, efforts to flatten the curve and ramp-up testing continue; the impact on economy, sectors, and businesses persists

- Globally, 1.6 million patients have recovered from COVID-19 and the case-doubling rate has improved to 33 days
- As countries move into the 'Fight' phase, several have started to see a decline in the number of daily cases; ramp-up of testing continues
- The testing landscape is changing rapidly and molecular testing continues to be the "gold standard"; efforts focused on improving speed
- Vaccine and therapeutics development are moving at rapid pace; seven vaccine candidates in phases I/II; therapeutics availability by Q3 2020 (earliest)
- Full-year 2020 economic and employment impact from lockdown measures will be substantial across geographies

We believe during this crisis leaders need to think along two dimensions: Taking an integrated perspective on health/medical progression, governmental responses, societal reactions, and economic implications to understand business/sector impacts

2

Thinking multitimescale in a Flatten-Fight-Future logic

1. Basis IMF forecast for 2020 Source: BCG

COVID-19 will be a journey with three distinct phases, requiring an integrated perspective

Flatten	Fight	Future	
Typically the initial phase after a pandemic outbreak–goal is to urgently limit number of new cases , especially critical care	Finding paths to collectively fight the virus, restart the economy, and support society in balancing lives and livelihood	Disease controlled through vaccine/cure/ herd immunity, and treatment within sustainable medical capacities possible	
Social distancing (lockdown) and partial business closures, lead to economic recession with large employment impact	Increasing economic activity with recovering GDP, some business reopenings, and social distancing on sustainable level	Reactivated economy with strong business rebound and job growth, social restrictions limited or completely suspended	
	1. Disease progression, health care system capacity,	and response	
	2. Government policies and economic stimulus		
	3. Economic scenarios		
	4. Business engagement and response		
	5. Public engagement and response		

All of the above five factors result in specific economic and social outcomes in each phase

Source: BCG 4



Guide for leaders

Need for performance transformation across companies

How to restructure cost, and manage cash and liquidity

Updated epidemic, economic, and business scenarios and impact

Epidemic progression, virus monitoring, health care capacity

Economic impact

Business scenarios and impact

Appendix: Further readings

Learnings from successful business leaders
Further readings

COVID-19: Impact dashboard

As of 15 May 2020

Epidemic Progression						
	1.6M # of recoveries		308K # of fatalities			
	17 Apr	01 May	15 May			
# of days of case doubling¹	16	26	33			
# of reported recoveries as % of total cases	25%	32%	36%			
# of countries with 1k+ cases	76	87	98			
# of tests / case ²	10	11	14			
# of tests / million ²	10k	16K	24K			
	Vaccir	ne Tre	atment			
Trials in pre-clinical stage and beyond ³	132	:	122			
Trials in Phase 1 and beyond ⁴	7		50			
Current est. timeline for approval & scale-up	12-30 month		5-24 onths ⁶			

Economic Impact								
GDP fo	GDP forecasts (Current outlook, likely to evolve further)							
	20	20	20	021				
IMF forecast	As of Jan'20	As of May'20	As of Jan'20	As of May'20				
US	2.0%	-5.9%	1.7%	4.7%				
China	6.0%	1.2%	5.8%	9.2%				
Europe	1.3%	-7.5%	1.4%	4.7%				
India	5.8%	1.9%	6.5%	7.4%				
Japan	0.7%	-5.2%	0.5%	3.0%				
Estima	ted curre	ent empl	loyment i	impact ⁷				
То	tal employn 2019 (M)		oloyees % cted ⁸ (M)	of employees impacted				
US	~159	^	~3 6	~23%				
UK	~33		~8	~25%				
Germany	~45	_	-10	~23%				
France	~28	_	~ 12	~45%				
Italy	~23		~7	~28%				
Spain	~20		~4	~21%				

Business Impact							
Sto	Stock market performance ⁹						
20 Mar vs 21 F	Feb <mark>-31%</mark>	-30% -34	4% -10%				
15 May vs 21 I	Feb <mark>-14%</mark>	-22% -23	-6%				
	S&P500	FTSE100 D/	AX CHN SSE				
To	tal Shareh	older Returr	าร ⁹				
First column: 2	1 Feb to 20 Ma	r; Second column	: 21 Feb to 15 May				
	Americas	Europe	Asia				
Pharma	-19% -1%	-20% <mark>-10%</mark>	-22% -3%				
F&B ¹⁰	-26% -16%	-24% -18%	-12% -7%				
Telecom	-17% -13%	-20% -21%	-14% -13%				
Software	-30% -12%	-32% -19%	-28% -16%				
Retailing	-42% -22%	-36% -25%	-24% 2%				
Capital goods	-38% -27%	-35% -26%	-29% -16%				
Auto	-47% -34%	-45% -33%	-32% -23%				
Real Estate	-42% -39%	-26% -40%	-22% -15%				
Energy	-56% -37%	-45% -32%	-41% -30%				
Banks	-41% -40%	-44% -48%	-26% -21%				

COVID-19 resulting in substantial negative economic and business impact

As of 15 May 2020

Economic downturn

-3.0%

global GDP development forecasted for 2020; -7.5% Europe; -5.9% US

(IMF)

Supply chain interruption

Up to

-30%

change in world trade, interrupting supply chains

(BCG Trade Finance Model)

Revenue decline

More than

50%

of companies expect shrinking topline due to drop in demand

(BCG Henderson Survey across 213 companies)

Sector distress

11 out of 24

sectors with significant share of companies at high risk of default¹

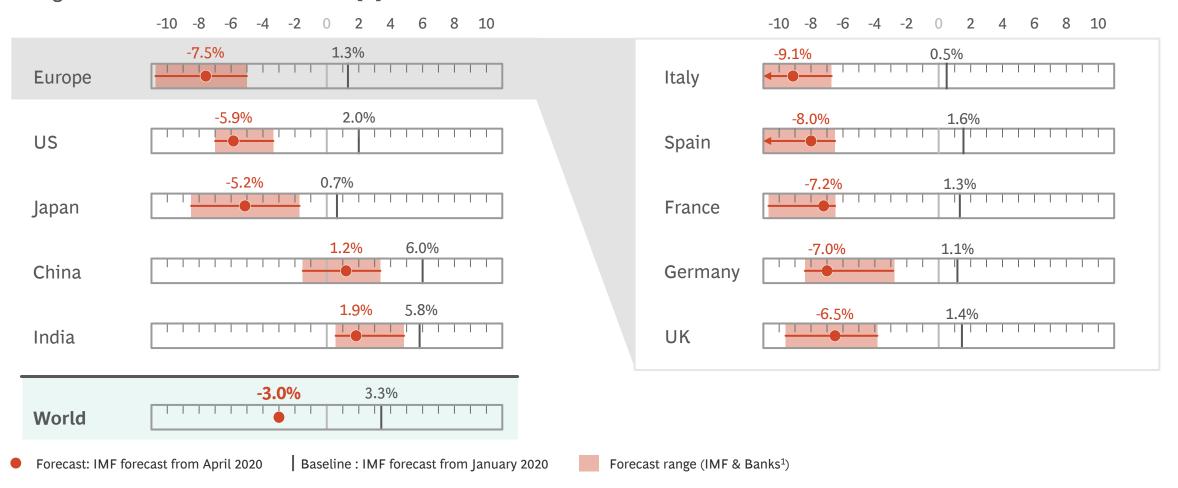
(BCG Value Science Center analysis for S&P Global 1200)

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Economic downturn | -3.0% global GDP development forecast for 2020; -7.5% in Europe and -5.9% in US

As of 15 May 2020

GDP growth forecast vs. baseline for 2020 [%]



Supply chain interruption | Up to -30% change in world trade expected, interrupting supply chains

As of 15 May 2020

Global trade impactCOVID-19 recession implications

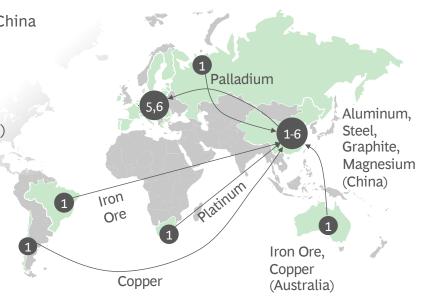
- ~\$18 trillion world trade in 2019 (CAGR of ~4% from 2015-2019)
- -10-30% in world trade expected for 2020 due to COVID-19
- -4% total imports in Q1 2020
 Q1 2020 vs. Q1 2019 in value
- -14% automotive imports in Q1 2020
 Q1 2020 vs. Q1 2019 in value

Global supply chain

Automotive example (pre Covid-19 crisis)

Illustrative

- Metals imported from various countries, rare metals mined in China
- Aluminum and steel produced in China
- Components produced in Hubei and other parts of China (Tier 2+)
- Engines produced in Hubei and other parts of China (Tier 1)
- Cars assembled by OEMs in EU, Hubei and other parts of China
- 6 Finished cars shipped from EU and China





Revenue decline | Due to drop in demand, 50% or more of companies across sectors expect shrinking topline

As of 20 April 2020

Consumer sentiment

German example

39% refrain from large, planned investments

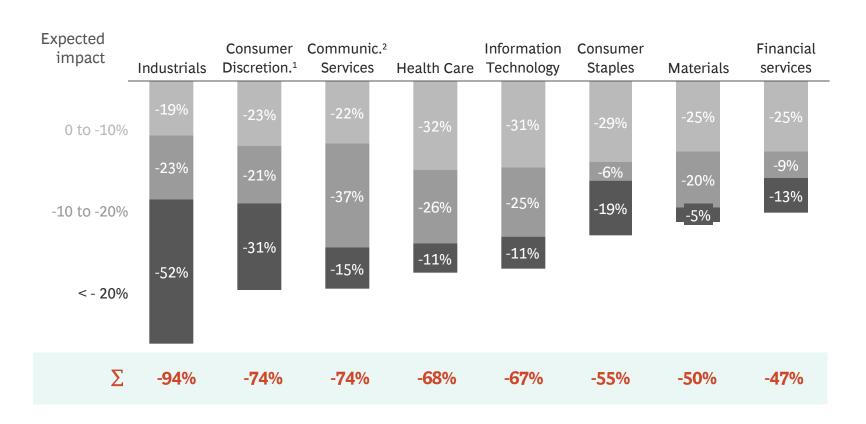
46%

want to save money in case we enter a recession

51%

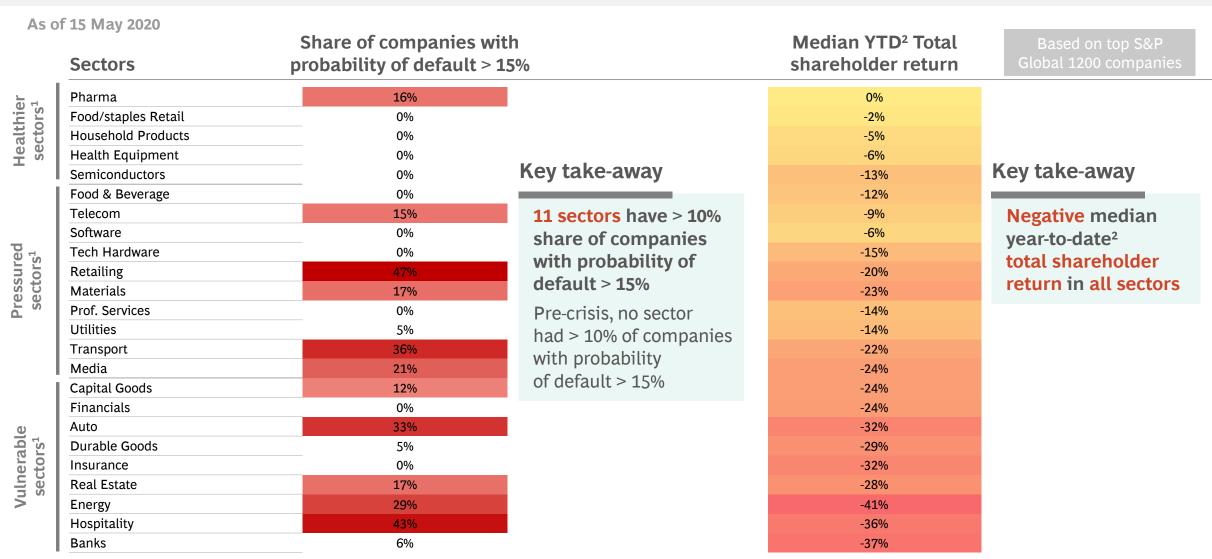
are careful and cut back on their overall spending As of 15 April 2020

% of companies expecting negative revenue impact in FY20



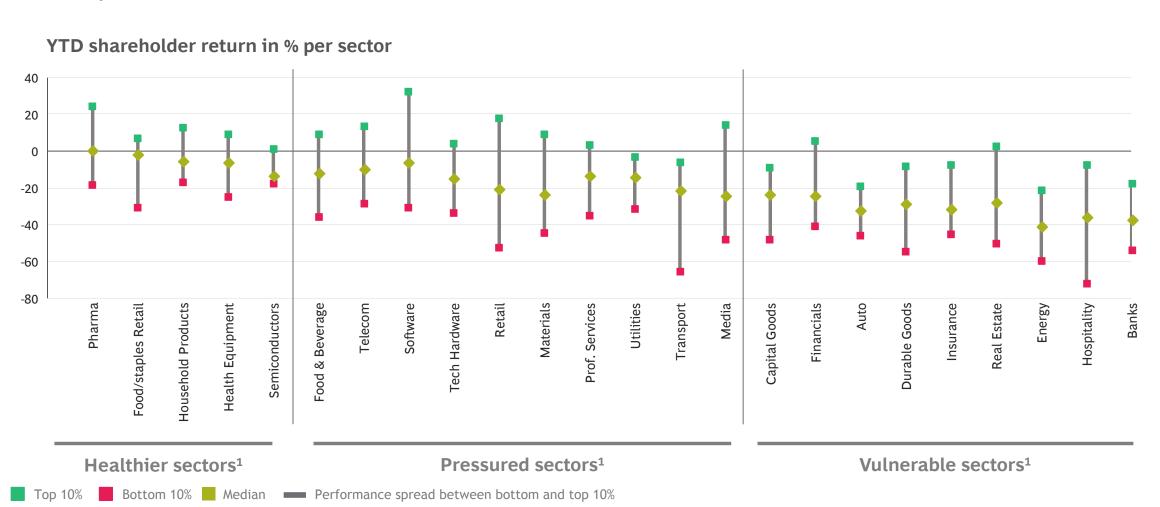
1 Discretionary 2. Communication
Left: Top-2 values (i.e. share of respondents who (strongly) agree to these statements); Question text: "To what extent do the following statements describe the impact the coronavirus crisis has on your income and spending behavior (if any)? Please select one answer for each statement."; Source: BCG COVID-19 Consumer Sentiment Survey, April 17–20, 2020 (N= 1,584, unweighted, representative within ±3% of German census)
Right: All sectors with >9 responses are listed; Sector classification follows Global Industry Classification Standard; Source: BCG Henderson Institute survey, April 15, 2020 (N= 313 companies)

Sector distress | 11 sectors with more than 10% of companies at high risk of default



All sectors, even the healthier ones, have players in need of performance transformation

As of 15 May 2020



Companies have started to initiate performance response

As of 15 May 2020



European Retailers Scrap \$1.5 Billion of Bangladesh Orders



How big tech plans to profit from the pandemic





Turns to Video Chats and Virtual Tours
Coronavirus has challenged real-estate agents on how to show listings and could change the way rentals are marketed



How factories change production to quickly fight coronavirus



How small retailers are adapting to COVID-19

From curbside pickup to free delivery, small businesses are finding ways to connect with their customers



Bringing The Store To The Consumer: How Live Streaming Could Become A Post-Pandemic Game Changer



FIFA Races Toward a Plan to Help Soccer Clubs Survive Shutdown

With leagues and clubs around the world scrambling to sort out issues from player compensation to future transactions, the global governing body is trying to provide a new framework.

Five elements

of a holistic performance transformation

1

Manage cash and liquidity

Monitor cash flow and key financials (including FC)

Implement balance sheet measures

Ensure funding (inclulding government aid)

2

Drive cost take-out

Push cost take-out in non-critical areas; drive flexibility in personnel costs

Manage spend and investments actively

3

Ensure topline security

Use high frequency indicators to sense changing demand / supply sentiment

Activate topline levers, e.g. channel shift, marketing spend, customer engagement

4

Stabilize supply chain, manufacturing

Manage supply chain actively; build resilience to limit risk of interruption

Prepare for force majeure claims

5

Organize people for the new reality

Keep employees safe; enable new ways of working

Build new capabilities and restructure organization

Build SWAT teams to address critical areas

For deep-dive, refer Edition 5

Steered through a central team



Set-up Rapid Response & Transformation Team Steer crisis response centrally

Monitor impact along KPIs

Initiate and track counteraction

Source: BCG

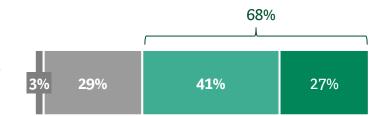
Companies need to move from crisis response to driving transformation as they move into fight phase

Deep-dive on following pages	Flatten	Fight	Future
	From crisis response	to driving the transformation	• • •
Manage cash & liquidity	Build liquidity transparency and manage net working capital	Free internal funds to ensure funding of strategic moves	
Drive cost take-out	Stop non-essential spend/investments, drive flexibility in personnel costs	Push cost-out; adjust cost structure permanently Make prudent long-term policy decisions	
Ensure topline security	Protect existing business and align value proposition to needs	Make structural moves to win in new reality; Determine how to reactivate customers	
Stabilize supply chain, manufacturing	Manage supply chain actively, define 'hibernation' plan for underutilized OPS	Build resilient supply chain and manufacturing to limit the risk of interruption	
Organize people for the new reality	Protect people and enable remote work	Continue to protect people, build new capabilities and restructure org. to fit go-forward needs	
Set-up Rapid Response Transformation Team	Central crisis response teams provide top-down direction to business	Accountable line management in the lead, activist RR&T Team supports transformation	

Investors believe it is critically important for companies to ensure liquidity and be financially resilient; even if it is at the expense of investing

~68% want intense focus on liquidity

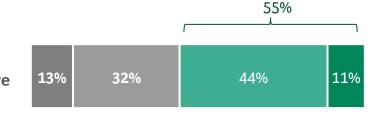
Over the next 12 months, it is important to intensely **focus on preserving liquidity,** even if it is at the expense of investing to achieve advantage^{1,2}



Companies should access all sources of debt financing to strengthen cash position and financial resilience, even if it impacts the balance sheet and credit risk^{1,3}



For companies with share price decline in line with the market, **significant equity issuance is a reasonable move** to strengthen cash position and financial resilience





^{1.} Questions were posed with respect to financially healthy companies 2. Investing to achieve advantage in the business may include digital and acquisitions, for example 3. Debt financing includes revolvers, bank term loans, asset-backed loans, private placements, for example. Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check, May 3, 2020; n = 150

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Cash & Liquidity | Business leaders can gain control of liquidity by establishing high-impact cash management

Introduce cash office

Centralize cash governance

Set up **dedicated Cash Team** with
clear accountability

Standardize process and format across legal entities

Generate transparency

Work at legal entity level, with **clear owners**

Map suppliers and clients ("cash impact")

Identify total cash available vs. trapped

Compare terms to maximize reliability of forecast

Analyze variances actual vs. forecast

Build liquidity scenarios

Set up a cash flow forecast process

Identify minimum cash buffer, based on history and peak levels

Cross-check direct vs. indirect cash flow

Define rules for discretionary spent

Define clear roles and responsibilities for spend approval

Create **authorization gateways** and spend limits

Set up rigorous **spend authorization processes**

Evaluate limitation of payment timing

Secure financing

Map the financing structure and instruments

Evaluate and implement cash-pooling

Source: BCG

Cash & Liquidity Example 1

Global footwear and apparel manufacturer applied effective cash and liquidity management to sustain operations during the crisis

Stress on liquidity and cash flow due to the crisis

Major distress across most of its >10k outlets Decline in business activity to ~85%¹ Expected decline in Q1 sales by 50%²

Initiatives implemented for managing cash and liquidity

Introduced cash office to drive cash and liquidity management

Reduced cash requirement from workforce cost by reducing working hours for over 1,000 workers; difference of pay to be **financed by government** aid package

Reduction in annual management compensation (eliminated short- and long-term bonuses)

Suspended discretionary spend of €1 billion share buyback and dividend payments to investors

Impact

50K+

Workforce remained employed while effectively preserving healthy balance sheet and stabilized cash flow

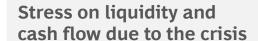
€1Bn+

Loan from a consortium of banks for financial stability as a result of strict cost cutting and liquidity management





Global airline reduced cash requirements to manage liquidity for operations



Global reduction in travel due to restrictions

Domestic flights reduced to ~5% of pre-crisis network

~70% share price decline by mid March¹

Initiatives implemented for managing cash & liquidity

Suspended capex expense by shelving plans to order 10+ aircrafts

Reduced cash requirement from workforce cost by standing down 25,000+ staff and reducing executive salary by 30%², bonuses reduced to zero

Cascaded plan to reduce cash burn to ~\$25 million a week²

Secured ~\$1 billion funding against its aircrafts

Impact

12-15 months

Of operations possible before running out of cash

~\$2 billion

Available cash balance³ with an additional ~\$1 billion undrawn facility remaining available



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Cost take-out | Business leaders must drive cost reduction, while considering current and future requirements and handling people agenda with empathy

Streamline personnel costs

Identify and pursue valuable and business-critical activities

Determine and stop investing in **non- essential** tasks

Make use of **governmental programs** and special legislations

Establish appropriate workforce flexibility to ramp up/down

Adjust **FTEs** using **HR instruments**

Reduce non-personnel costs

Bring down **budgets** and retain lower **in-crisis spend**

Optimize consumption/behavior patterns (zero-based mindset)

Rigorously review and renegotiate all key **procurement contracts**

Tackle 'other' cost buckets not addressed yet for savings (e.g., rent)

Establish **cost conscious culture** with clear horizontal cost-ownership

Drive efficiency in operations

Optimize number of operational units (e.g. manufacturing locations, warehouses)

Reduce **non-essential factor cost** (e.g. overtime balances, leave, contractors)

Strike **insourcing vs. outsourcing** balance (per industry and function)

Drive benchmark cost per FTE compared with industry standard

Source: BCG

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Cost take-out Example 1

Global upstream oil and gas service company drove workforce flexibility and other cost saving measures to minimize impact from the crisis

Stress due to the crisis

Oil trading prices fell by ~40%¹

Land oil rig count in US down by 34%²

Global April oil demand down by ~30mmb/d³

Initiatives implemented for driving cost take-out

Streamlined personnel costs

20% HQ personnel reduction; over 3,000personnel in alternate work-week schedule

Reduced nonpersonnel costs Selective suspension of operations to optimize operational costs

Cascaded plan to cut ~\$1 billion of annualized overhead and other costs

Restructured organization

Agile org-restructuring across functions in North America

Impact

~60%

Estimated cost reduction in selected areas

6-9 months

Of low prices can be weathered due to cost savings initiatives



Stress due to the crisis

Investor and economic pressure to reduce costs quickly

Urge to protect the core technology capabilities for long-term success

Initiatives implemented for driving cost take-out

Vision, targets, and plan

Defined vision, and prioritized capabilities **within first two weeks**Defined scenarios, targets (FTE and budget), timeline
Kicked off cost PMO

Agile org design, staffing, and action Reduced 30% of core businessrelated costs

Reduced > 60% SG&A cost in non-revenue-generating business

Streamlined remaining costs

Refined org model, communicated the new focus Kicked off non-personnel cost reduction Developed interim op model

and transition to steady state

Impact

~45%

Total cost reduction in six weeks





Core technology capabilities protected during cost-reduction process

Source: Press releases; BCG

Topline security | Companies are sensing demand via high frequency data and react in agile ways to secure topline As of 06 May 2020

Demand forecast

Traditional forecast methods are less reliable during crises

Use high-frequency indicators to sense changing demand

Example: Consumer sentiment and web traffic data foresee spend increase



- Real change in spending Historical: Confirmation that increase occurred
- Real change in web traffic *Immediate term:* Strong predictor of changes
- **Consumers expecting to increase** spending during next month¹ *Short term:* Signal that the increase may persist

Topline levers

Securing topline is critical to keep businesses running

Be agile and creative in responding to changes

Example: Company responses to customers' increased online activity

Channel shift

Beverage producer shifted sales channel including loyalty program online and achieved sales uplift of 40% on e-commerce platform

Marketing spend

Fitness studio chain focused marketing spend on new member acquisition for underutilized studios resulting in 3-4% higher lead and trial conversion

Customer engagement

Lifestyle player **personalized** offers based on member customer lifetime value and observed behaviors, increasing tenure by 8-12% for 75% of customer base

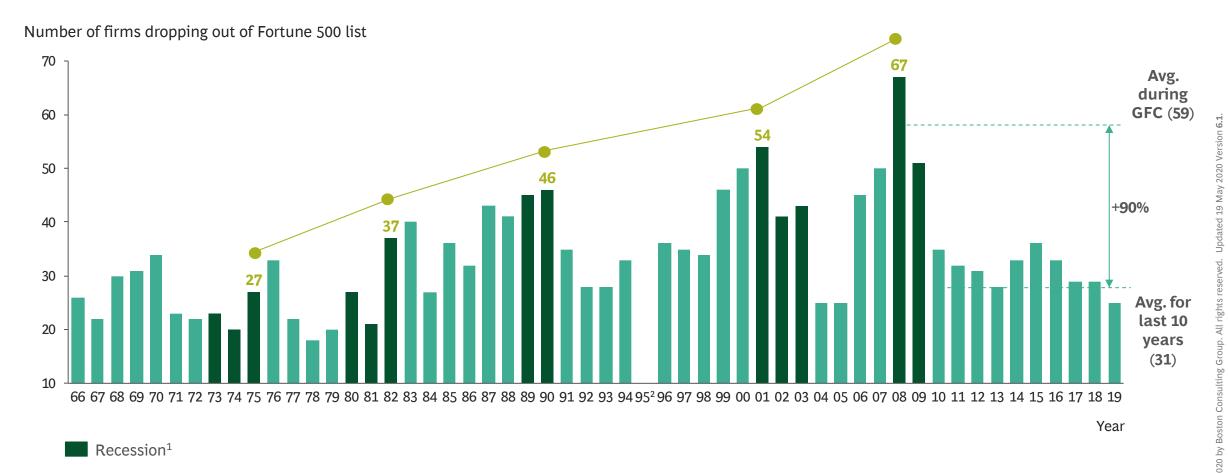
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^{1.} Compared with prior year. Source: SimilarWeb; Earnest Research, May 6, 2020; BCG COVID-19 Consumer Sentiment Survey, April 24-27, 2020 (N = 2,783 US), unweighted, representative within +-3% of census demographics; press releases; BCG

Time for performance transformation is now | Positional churn of companies highest during crises and increasingly over time

Rate of firms leaving Fortune 500 during the Global Financial Crisis (GFC) was 90% higher than the rate for the ten years that followed



^{1.} Officially designated by National Bureau of Economic Research. 2. Large change in 1995 list due to change in list-compilation methodology, and is therefore excluded Source: Fortune 500 Listings; NBER; BCG analysis.

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Learnings from successful transformations | Specific milestones during each step of the journey

Initiate Performance Response Rapid Assessment to Shape Transformation Plan

Fully Mobilize

Drive Advantage in Adversity

Accelerate Rapid Response Measures

Initial responses developed in one month (e.g. cash, liquidity, noregret cost out, insured supply chain, secured topline)

Data is collected, scrubbed, and validated

Multi-functional response team identified and enabled

Specific scenarios developed and trigger points identified

Performance levers identified, sized, and prioritized, and firmed up into a roadmap using strategic, operational, and financial lenses

Transformation operating model established

Performance response further accelerated

Full organization activated within first 100 days

Initiatives maturing, delivering results

Change management program launched to mobilize leaders and people

Leadership committed to plans and targets; linkage established with incentive schemes

Further initiatives (procurement, SCM¹, etc.) ramped up and launched

Holistic performance initiatives launched and executed with tracking on weekly, monthly, and quarterly basis

Targets aligned on a quarterly basis

Leaders activated and organization enabled

Cost leadership embedded into organization

New capabilities (e.g. digital, AI²) built and new ways of working embedded

Wins during transformation shared, understood, and appreciated in the organization

1. Supply Chain Management; 2. Artificial Intelligence Source: BCG



Guide for leaders

Need for performance transformation across companies

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Updated epidemic, economic, and business scenarios and impact

Epidemic progression, virus monitoring, health care capacity

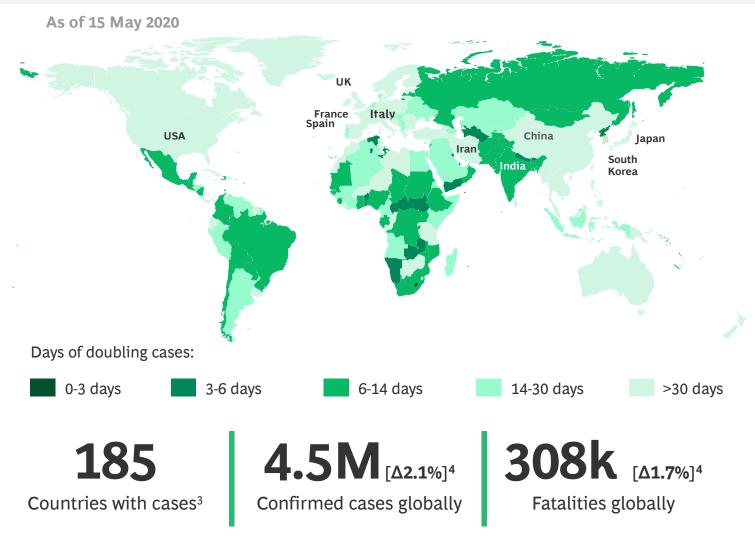
Economic impact

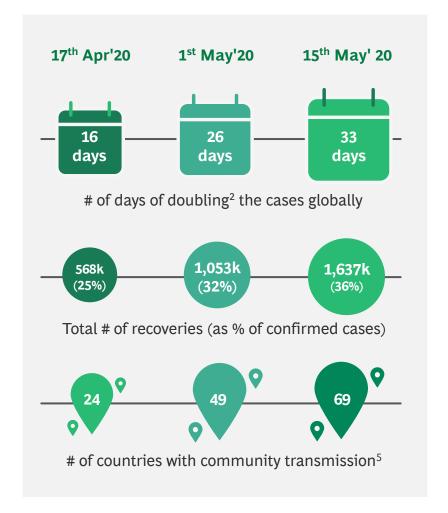
Business scenarios and impact

Appendix: Further readings

Learnings from successful business leaders
Further readings

~36% reported recoveries¹ globally so far; case-doubling rate improves to 33 days



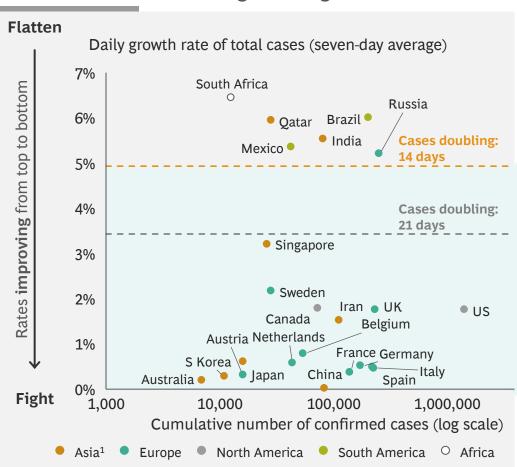


As countries move into Fight phase, several have started to see decline in number of daily cases

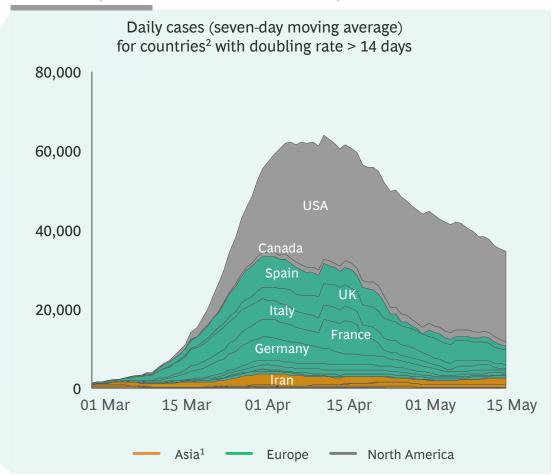
As of 15 May 2020

Non-exhaustive

Several countries increasing doubling rate...



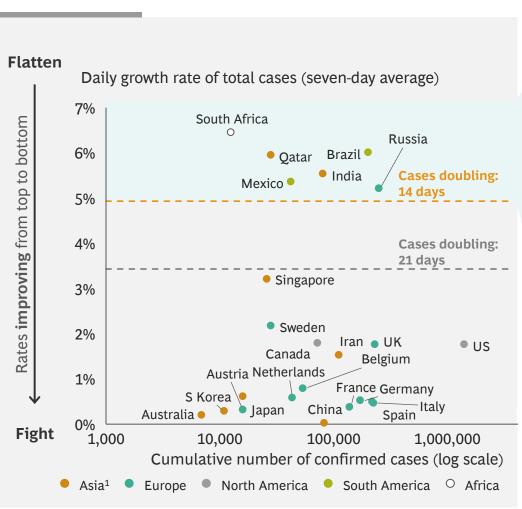
...driven by decline in number of daily cases

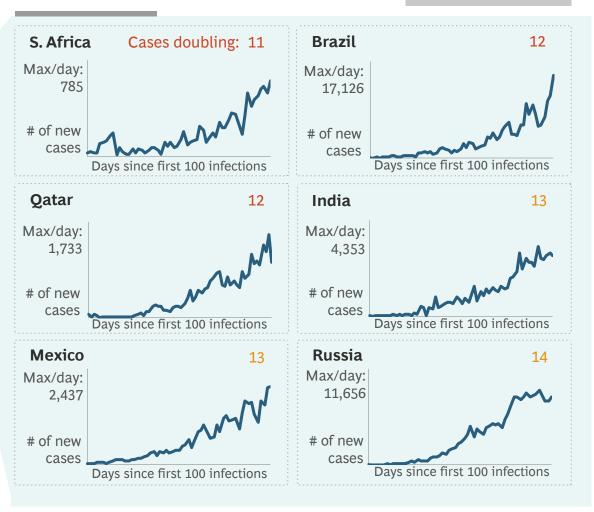


^{1.} Includes Middle East & Australia 2. Countries selected from the chart on the left Source: Johns Hopkins CSSE, Our World in data

Some countries currently have cases doubling in under 14 days; strong monitoring in the next few weeks

As of 15 May 2020 Non-exhaustive

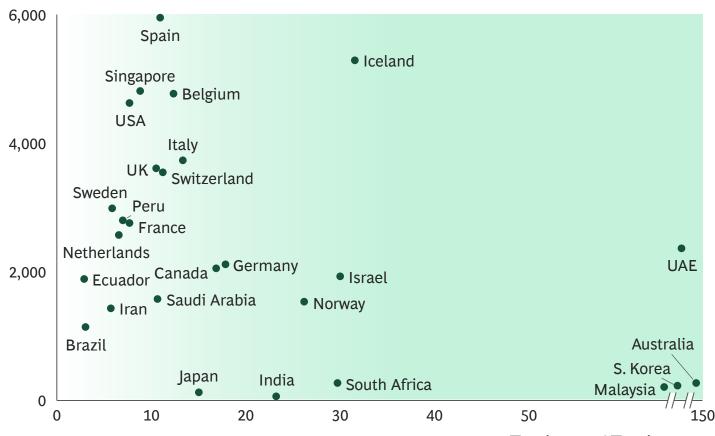




While countries further relax lockdown measures, they are substantially ramping-up testing

As of 15 May 2020

Cumulative # of cases per million population



- For countries with complete or partial lockdowns (Singapore, UK, France, etc.), reopening is gated by lack of widespread testing
- For countries with relaxed lockdowns (S. Korea, Australia, etc.), continued higher testing is critical
- For countries to move to the right and reopen, they need an integrated Virus Monitoring System that includes testing, tracking, and tracing

EPIDEMIC PROGRESSION, VIRUS MONITORING, & HEALTH CARE CAPACITY

Testing landscape is changing | Tests to detect viral genome and patient immune response are now available

As of 15 May 2020 Not exhaustive; US example

Test purpose Available for la		Available for last 3+	weeks	Becoming available now (over last 1-2 weeks)		In development		
Lab-based Presence of		Roche BD Luminex. GAGEN Abbott ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC HOLOGIC* CALCULATION CONTROL OF		SIEMENS SHERLOCK BIOSCIENCES DIOROPE DIAGNOSTICS		FLUIDIGM CASPR LexaGene		Lexa Ge ne 🖔
viral genome	Near-patient /Point-of-Care	Cepheid.	☐ Abbott		Nuclein MOBI	IDIAG Sparta		
Lab-ba Immune	Lab-based	Ortho Clinical Diagnostics EUROIMMUN DIAZYME	DiaSorin	Roche	BIO RAD	SIEMENS Healthineers	boditech	Attomarker ThermoFisher
response to virus	Near-patient /Point-of-Care	Cellex	CHEMBIO STANDARD TO THE STANDARD THE STANDAR			2 .	layers announce lopment plans¹	ed
	n tests: viral particle				QUIDEL	OraSure Technologies OraSure Technologies	E//3io 🝪 E	SCIENCE
	load: of virus			Current	ly none			

^{1.} More than 180 serology test makers have notified FDA that they have serology tests available for use as of May 15, 2020 Source: CDC website, FDA website, company websites, BCG analysis

As of 15 May 2020

2 Phase I

CanSino Biologics

Phase II

Phase 2 advancement since Apr 2020; follow-up expected by Oct 2020

Moderna

Phase II

Early results of trial expected by Jun 2020 (expanded to include older adults) 4 Phase I/II

BioNTech & Pfizer

Phase I/II

Trial ongoing in Germany; if approved, distribution possible by Oct-Dec 2020

China National Biotec¹

Phase I/II

Trial started in Apr 2020; expected completion of final trials by Nov 2021

Oxford Uni. & AstraZeneca

Phase I/II

Trial on-going in UK; late-stage trials possible in Jul 2020

Sinovac

Phase I/II

Trial started in Apr 2020; expected completion by Aug 2020

1 Phase

Inovio

Phase I

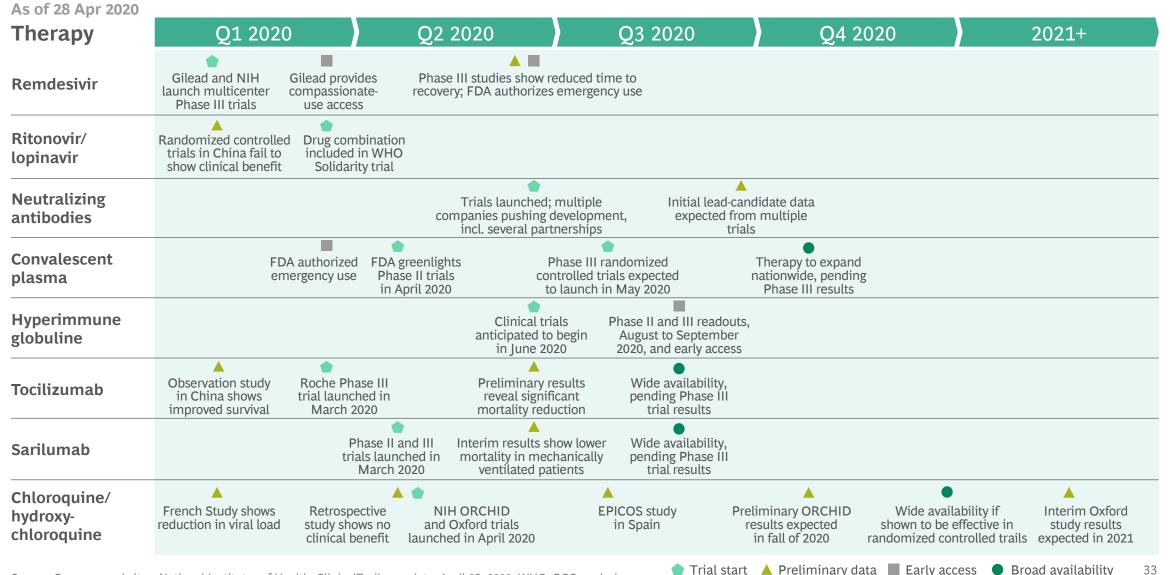
Trial started in Apr 2020; larger studies possible in Jun-Aug 2020

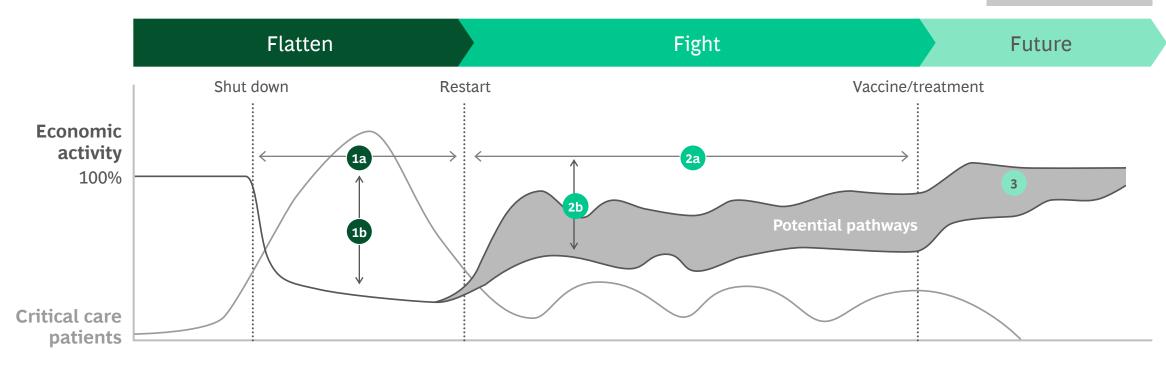
125 Pre-clinical

132 Tota

Therapeutics outlook | Timeline and key developments across critical trials show broad availability by end of Q3 2020 earliest







Five questions will shape the economic impact

What will the LENGTH of "Flatten" be? What are the preconditions to transition? When will we achieve them?

To what DEPTH does the economy drop in "Flatten"?

What will the LENGTH of "Fight" be?

What are the preconditions to transition?
When will we achieve them?

What will the DEPTH of "Fight" be?

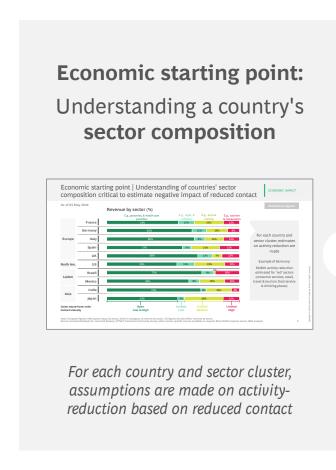
2b What level of recovery does the economy achieve in "Fight"?

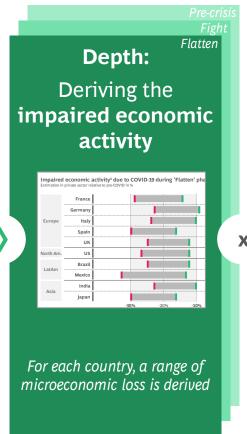
Where does the economy return to, relative to the pre-COVID era in "Future"?

ECONOMIC IMPACT

Methodology | To determine economic impact, must derive depth (from economic starting point) and factor in length of crisis

Shown for 'Flatten' as length of 'Fight' still unknown







Projected economic impact:

Determining the result as **fullyear economic impact** from direct impact of disease

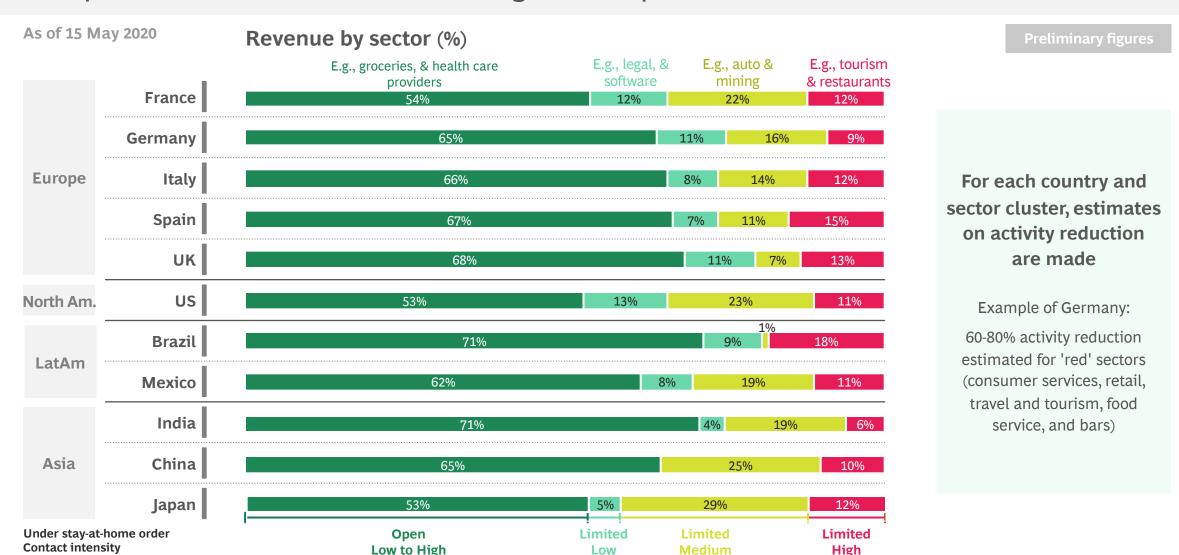
Full-year economic impact Not directly comparable to GDP-excl. gov't spending, invest. & changes in balance of trade						
-2%	-	-5% •	vs. pre-COVID run rate ²			
-1%	-	-3%				
-2%	-	-6%				
-3%	-	-8%				
-2%	-	-6%				
-2%	-	-7%				
-1%	-	-3%				
-2%	-	-8%				
-2%	-	-5%				
-2%	-	-6%				
	ompara est. & cf -2% -1% -2% -2% -2% -1% -2% -2%	omparable to set. & change -2%	mparable to GDP- exc			

Result is full-year economic impact (not comparable to GDP as excludes fiscal stimulus and other effects) – need to combine pre-crisis, Flatten, and Fight phase to conclude impact for 2020

Source: BCG

ECONOMIC IMPACT

Economic starting point | Understanding of countries' sector composition critical to estimate negative impact of reduced contact



'Flatten' | Impaired economic activity (depth) and lockdown duration (length) yield full-year economic impact for 'Flatten' phase

ECONOMIC IMPACT

As of 15 May 2020

Impaired economic activity due to COVID-19 during 'Flatten' phase Estimation in private sector relative to pre-COVID in %

Lockdown duration (in weeks)

Full-year economic impact

Not directly comparable to GDP, excludes gov't spending, investment, and changes in balance of trade



-10%

Disclaimer: These analyses represent only potential scenarios based on discrete data from one point in time. They are not intended as a prediction or forecast and the situation is changing daily. Figures shown only reflect economic activity "directly displaced" by effect of virus. However, multi-order impacts and the impact of government spending and stimulus not considered

-20%

-30%

Max of estimated range (i.e. period hardest hit by the lockdown)

Min of estimated range

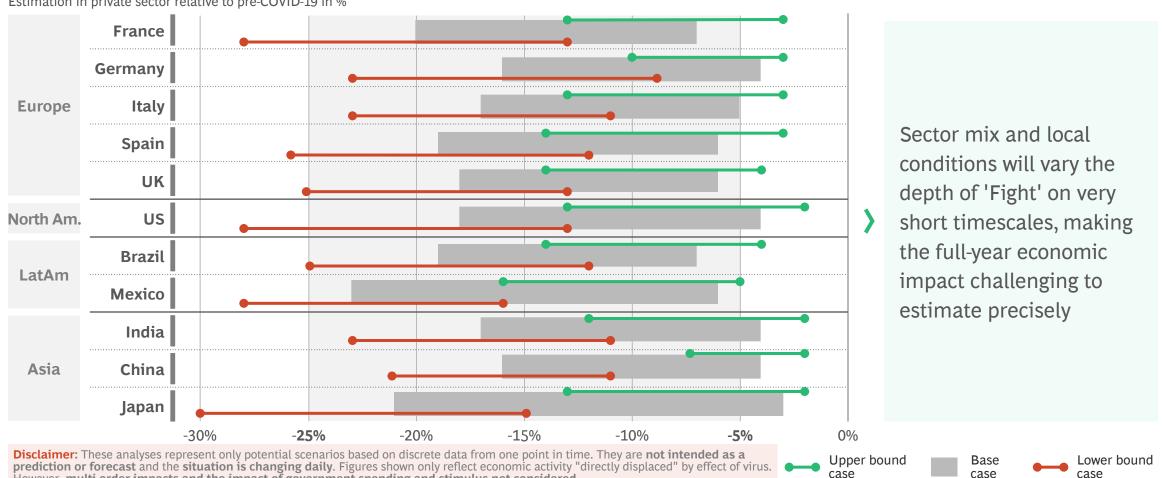
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'Fight' | ~5 to 25% of economic activity can be temporarily at risk – implying protracted economic challenges

As of 15 May 2020

Impaired economic activity¹ during 'Fight' phase

Estimation in private sector relative to pre-COVID-19 in %



However, multi-order impacts and the impact of government spending and stimulus not considered

Note: We expect a lot of variations across geographies, even within countries, hence the wide ranges.

^{1.} European figures reflect gross output by sector, which is analogous to revenue by sector. US figures directly reflect revenue by sector.



Guide for leaders

Need for performance transformation across companies

How to restructure cost, and manage cash and liquidity

Updated epidemic, economic, and business scenarios and impact

Epidemic progression, virus monitoring, health care capacity

Economic impact

Business scenarios and impact

Appendix: Further readings

Learnings from successful business leaders Further readings

Recent learnings from successful CEOs

CEOs are in the spotlight more than ever as they lead their companies through the current crisis. By understanding principles underpinning when and how much leadership matters, and factors that increase the odds of success, leaders can learn valuable lessons about navigating today's challenges

For further details; refer to the article from BCG Henderson Institute:

Leadership Matters: When, How Much, and How?

Based on survey of 7.000 CEOs worldwide

1 | Strive to defy the average

Focus more on innovation and new opportunities in order to be exceptional. Defy the average within your industry; focus less on "best practices" which tend to level performance

Identify key moves and act preemptively

Early action is key; accelerate turnover of underperforming management teams, make deals early, and embark on transforming organizations early when needed

3 Take a de-averaged and dynamic approach to strategy

Adopt the right approach to strategy in each part of the business, and in particular, use dynamic and/or creative approaches where necessary. In more uncertain and fast-moving contexts, classic planning is not always the best approach

4 | Articulate and fulfill a positive social purpose

Articulate a purpose beyond maximizing financial returns, and improve performance on non-financial dimensions as well. Pursue sustainable business models as expectations of social contributions are increasing

COVID-19 BCG Perspectives



Edition #5 Revamping Organizations for the **New Reality**



Edition #3 Emerging stronger from the crisis



Edition #1 Facts, scenarios, and actions for leaders

Edition #4 Accelerating digital & technology transformation

BCG Perspectives



Edition #2 Preparing for the restart

Relevant topic publications



Cash & Liquidity A Cash Management Survival Guide



Leadership Leadership Matters: When, How Much, and How?



Transformation COVID-19 Response: Big Decisions for CEOs Right Now



Cash & Liquidity Essential lifeline: Rapid-Response Cash Management Office



Finance The COVID-19 CFO **Pulse Check**



Transformation Crisis Can Spark Transformation and Renewal

Selected sector publications



Consumer COVID-19 Consumer Sentiment Snapshot #9



Auto Companies Will Outlast COVID-19 and Come Out Stronger



Travel & Tourism The Great Reset for Revenue Management in Travel



Power & Utilities B2B Energy Retailers Can Weather the COVID-19 Storm



Health Care COVID-19 Stressing Finances of Even the Strongest US **Health Systems**



Technology Is Your Technology Ready for the New Digital Reality?

Source: BCG

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